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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/589,999	07/02/2007	Dilipkumar Chandubhai Ramolia	U 016456-1	6874
140 LADAS & PAR	7590 11/12/200 RRY LLP	8	EXAMINER	
26 WEST 61ST			KATAKAM, SUDHAKAR	
NEW YORK, NY 10023			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1621	
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			11/12/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/589,999	RAMOLIA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Sudhakar Katakam	1621			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	Lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 Au     2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This     3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	vn from consideration.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the confidence of th	epted or b) $\square$ objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is object to be a second constant.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 8/21/08.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite			

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Information Disclosure Statement

1. The examiner has considered applicant's Information Disclosure Statement of 8/21/2006. Please refer to the signed copies of the PTO-1449 forms attached herewith.

## Claim Objections

- 2. Claim 14 is objected to because of the following informalities: the letter "I" should be removed from the phrase "where in I step". Appropriate correction is required.
- 3. Claim 16 is objected to because of the following informalities: unwanted space should be removed from the range "0. 5-4" for the clarity of the sentence. Appropriate correction is required.
- 4. Claim 18 is objected to because it does not depend on preceding claims.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 6. Claims 1-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The term "highly" in claim 1, line 1, is a relative term, which renders the claim indefinite. The term "highly" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. It is therefore

impossible to determine the metes and bounds of the claimed subject matter. Claim 1 and its dependents are therefore rendered indefinite.

In claim 1, line 8, the phrases "such as" and "kind such as hereinbefore", renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitations following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP § 2173.05(d). It is therefore impossible to determine the metes and bounds of the claimed subject matter. Claim 1 and its dependents are therefore rendered indefinite.

7. The claims 3, 8-11, 13, 15-21 and 24 recite the word "preferable", which renders the claims indefinite for the following reasons:

A broad range or limitation together with a narrow range or limitation that falls within the broad range or limitation (in the same claim) is considered indefinite, since the resulting claim does not clearly set forth the metes and bounds of the patent protection desired. See MPEP § 2173.05(c). Note the explanation given by the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences in *Ex parte Wu*, 10 USPQ2d 2031, 2033 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989), as to where broad language is followed by "preferable" and then narrow language. The Board stated that this can render a claim indefinite by raising a question or doubt as to whether the feature introduced by such language is (a) merely exemplary of the remainder of the claim, and therefore not required, or (b) a required feature of the claims. Note also, for example, the decisions of *Ex parte Steigewald*, 131 USPQ 74 (Bd. App. 1961); *Ex parte Hall*, 83 USPQ 38 (Bd. App. 1948); and *Ex parte Hasche*, 86 USPQ 481 (Bd. App. 1949). In the present instance, claims 3, 8-11, 13, 15-

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21 and 24 recite the broad recitation, and the claim also recites the narrower statement of the range/limitation.

- 8. Regarding claim 4, the phrase "like" renders the claim indefinite because the claim(s) include(s) elements not actually disclosed (those encompassed by "or the like"), thereby rendering the scope of the claim(s) unascertainable. See MPEP § 2173.05(d).
- 9. Claim 14 recites the limitation "said kinetic resolution" in lines 1-2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- 10. The term "to get desired" in claims 14-15, is a relative term, which renders the claim indefinite. The term "to get desired" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. It is therefore impossible to determine the metes and bounds of the claimed subject matter. Claim 14 and its dependents are therefore rendered indefinite.
- 11. The term "to get optimum results" in claims 17, is a relative term, which renders the claim indefinite. The term "to get optimum results" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. It is therefore impossible to determine the metes and bounds of the claimed subject matter. Claim 17 and its dependents are therefore rendered indefinite.
- 12. Claim 22 recites the limitation "kinetically resolved" in lines 1-2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

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13. Claim 25 recites the limitation "from I and II purification" in line 2, and during "I purification" in line 4. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

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14. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

15. Claims 1-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by **Dubey** et al (WO 2004/058694 A1).

**Dubey et al** disclose a process for the preparation of enantiomerically pure (R) or (S)-5-(2-aminopropyl)-2-methoxybenzenesulfonamide, which comprises the

resolution of (R,S)- 5-(2-aminopropyl)-2-methoxybenzenesulfonamide with D-(-) or L-(-)-tartaric acid [page 1, lines 4-7]. The process comprises separating the salt by filtration, subjecting the salt kinetic resolution in a solvent system [see Examples], separating the optically pure (R) or (S)-5-(2-aminopropyl)-2-methoxybenzenesulfonamide with optical purity more than 99.5% [see page 4, line 8]. The preferable ratio of (R) or (S)-5-(2-aminopropyl)-2-methoxybenzenesulfonamide to the tartaric acid is 1:1 to 1:1.1 mole [page 4, lines 15-16]. The solvent system preferred is a combination of alcoholic solvents such as methanol, ethanol, propanol having 5-20% (v/v) of polar solvents such as amide solvents, such as dimethylformamide, dimethylsulfoxide or water [page 5, lines 5-7]. The preferable temperature is in between 60-65°C [page 5, lines 11-14]. The reaction time may vary between 4-26 hrs after the addition of amine to the tartaric acid [page 5, lines15-17]. **Dubey et al** also disclose constant stirring for 1 hour of the reaction mixture and applied cooling to 50°C, maintained for 26 hours and the crystals were collected after filtration and washing [see examples].

## Conclusion

- 16. No Claim is allowed.
- 17. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sudhakar Katakam whose telephone number is 571-272-9929. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30 AM 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Daniel Sullivan can be reached on 571-272-0779. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Sudhakar Katakam/ Examiner, Art Unit 1621

/Daniel M Sullivan/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1621